# INSTALLATION & OPERATION MANUAL

## SP711-3 REV. A 3-Wire Analog Transmitter

DOC#: MN-711-3-A.doc



FLOW MEASURING DEVICES AND CONTROLS
A Unit of the IDEX Corporation

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### **SPECIFICATIONS**

**Temperature:** Operating -40 to 85°C

Storage -65 to 125°C

**Input Voltage:** 12-28VDC 50mA min.

Protected against polarity reversal

Signal Input: Frequency 0-10KHz

Amplitude 20mV - 35V sine or square wave

Sensitivity field adjustable

Impedance 10K

**Analog Output** 0V @ 0Hz, 5 or 10V @ desired full scale frequency

Full scale range - 75Hz-10KHz selectable

Consult factory for other ranges

Response time - 95% of change in 1 second

Linearity - .3% F/S

Tempco - < 2% of reading over entire temperature range

Minimum load resistance 250 ohms

**Features:** Switch selectable output range

Mounts directly on flowmeter

**Enclosure:** FM Approved, CSA Certified

Class I Groups B, C, D Class II Groups E, F, G

Weight 1.7 lbs.

The SP711-3 is a meter mounted 3-wire analog transmitter designed to linearly convert a frequency input to an equivalent voltage output whose level is switch selectable @ 0-5V/0-10V. When incorporated with a turbine flowmeter a voltage representation proportional to flow is obtainable.

A full-scale frequency range of 75Hz – 10KHz is jumper selectable. The span adjustment establishes the frequency point at which the full-scale voltage output (5V or 10V) is achieved. The sensitivity adjustment permits the SP711-3 to discriminate between a signal input or noise by increasing (CCW) or decreasing (CW) the input signal amplitude necessary to be processed as a valid signal. This in conjunction with direct meter mounting allows the SP711-3 to operate effectively in noisy environments.

### **BENCH TEST CALIBRATION PROCEDURE**

**Required Equipment:** Power Supply 12-28VDC, Digital Multimeter (DMM), Frequency Generator, & Frequency Counter

Refer to Figure

#### **Test Procedure:**

- A) Connect DMM positive & negative leads to J1-3,4 respectively & set DMM function to DC Volts
- B) Connect power supply positive & negative leads to J1-5,4 respectively
- C) Connect frequency generator positive & negative leads to J1-1,2; respectively. Set output to sinewave & amplitude to zero
- D) Install jumper @ JU2-4 for desired full-scale frequency range, set S1 to 0-5V or 0- 10V for desired output level.
- E) Set 'Sensitivity' adjust (R1) fully clockwise
- F) Turn power supply & frequency Generator 'ON', DMM should indicate 0VDC
- G) Adjust 'ZERO' (R10) for DMM indication of .000V
- **H)** Adjust signal amplitude of frequency generator to 20mV & frequency to maximum desired point (full scale frequency)
- I) Adjust 'SPAN' (R8) for 5.00V or 10.00V DMM indication
- **J)** Reduce signal amplitude of frequency generator to zero, adjust 'ZERO' (R10) for DMM indication of .000V if necessary
- **K)** Adjust signal amplitude of frequency generator to 20mV, adjust 'SPAN' (R8) for 5.00V or 10.00V DMM indication if necessary
- **L)** Adjust frequency of frequency generator to exactly 50% of maximum frequency point in step H, DMM should indicate 2.50V or 5.00V ± .02V.

To check linearity @ any frequency point, incorporate the following formula:

 $(F/F_{max} X \text{ full scale output}) = Volts$ 

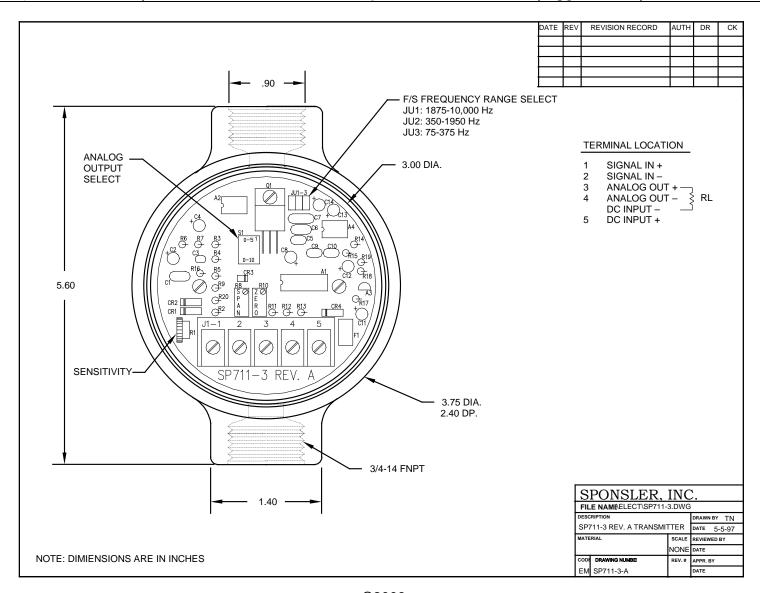
Ex. Assume maximum frequency point = 2000Hz & full scale output

Voltage = 10V

Check for linearity @ 750Hz point

750/2000 = .375

10 X .375 = 3.75 DMM should indicate 3.75 V + .03 V



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